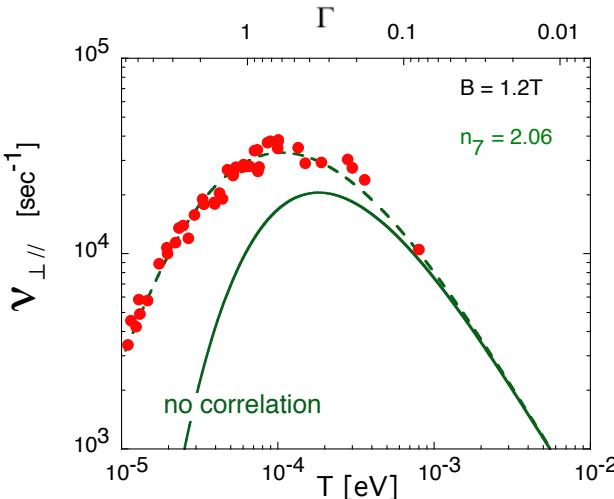
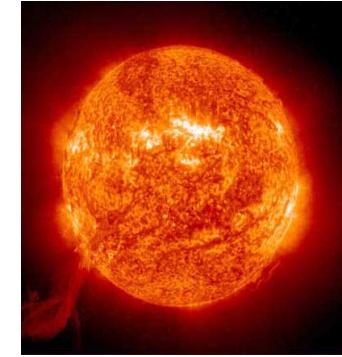


Correlation-Enhanced Collisions, à la Salpeter

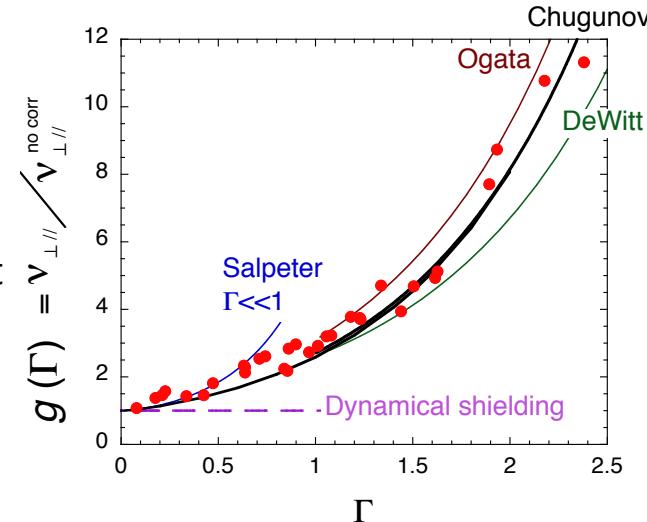
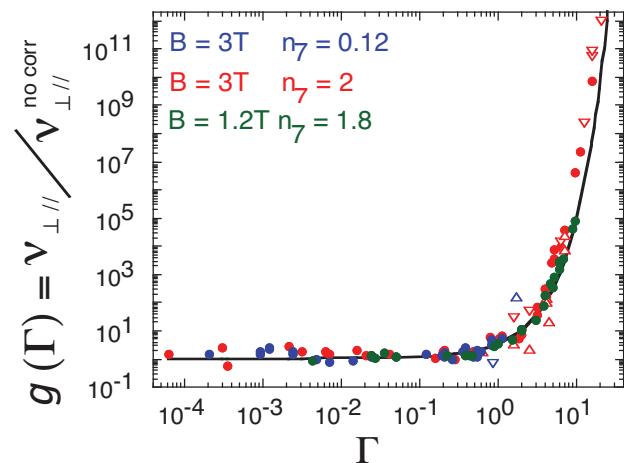
Salpeter predicted that the nuclear fusion rate in a dense, strongly correlated plasma (e.g., a white dwarf star) is enhanced by inter-particle correlations. The predicted enhancement is approximately $\exp(\Gamma)$, where Γ is the correlation parameter.



Dubin (2008) argued that the same enhancement occurs in perp-to-parallel collisions in a pure ion plasma at low temperatures. For $T < 10^{-3}$ eV and strong magnetization, an adiabatic invariant suppresses collisions (solid curves), but correlation re-enhances them (dashed curves). Our measurements (dots) clearly show the magnetization suppression, and show correlation enhancements $g(\Gamma)$ up to 9 orders of magnitude over a wide range of densities and temperatures (Anderegg 2013).

However, recent theories of "dynamical screening" (Dappen 2012) predict zero enhancement near $\Gamma \sim 1$, where our initial data was least accurate.

We improved the stability of our diagnostic and control lasers, with DOE/HEDLP funding. Our new results (right) rule out dynamical screening, and are most consistent with the equilibrium screening calculations of Chugunov (2007).



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